

YOUR NAME
EE 310
LAB 5
3/21/2017
Instructor Name

TITLE: GENERATING 5kHz WAVEFORM, FSK MODULATION, AND
BINARY COUNTER

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IF YOU USE GOOGLE MAKE SURE THE FORMAT IS NOT CHANGED!

ALL QUESTIONS & QUESTION NUMBERS MUST BE INCLUDED**Pre-Lab:**

1. Using the data sheet for PIC18F45K20 microcontroller, answer the following questions:
 - i. What type of packaging the chip on the DEMO board has?
 1. 44-Lead TQFP
 - ii. How many pins does the chip on the DEMO board have?
 1. 44
 - iii. What is the size of the SRAM on the chip?
 1. 1536 Bytes
 - iv. How many IO ports does the chip have?
 1. 36
 - v. Which pin is connected to RC3 of the chip on your DEMO board?
 1. 37
 - vi. How many FSR registers does this chip have?
 1. 3
2. Learn about the PICKIT3 DEMO board. Carefully review the layout of the board. Also review the board's schematic. Answer the following questions:
 - i. How many LED's are on the DEMO board?
 1. 8
 - ii. Which pins on the chip are connected to the LEDs?
 1. 38,39,40,41,2,3,4,5
 - iii. Which pin is connected to the potentiometer on the board?
 1. 19
 - iv. What is the reference designator of the 32KHz oscillator on the board? Is it soldered on the board?
 1. X2, it's surface mount
 - v. Identify PWR and GRN pins on the board.
 1. PWR (7,28), GRN (6,29)
 - vi. What happen if you remove the JP1 connector?
 1. The LED's are connected to the JP1, which in turn is grounded so if we remove it, the LED's won't be grounded.

IMPORTANT NOTES:

1. Absolutely no hand writing – all figures must be done by computer.
2. All questions must be added.
3. Name/class/date on all assignments must be there
4. The list of figures must be updated
5. Everything must be readable – otherwise you don't receive grade
6. **Late demos result in -10 points, automatically.**
7. It is your responsibility to show me your demos. Come during the office hours.
8. 10 point deduction for every day you are late. Any assignment not submitted during the class is considered to be late!
9. Snapshots must be from the computer. No photos by camera is acceptable.
10. Questions and answers must be clearly stated and shown in the submission.
11. All figures and tables must have figure number and table number

IF THERE IS ANYTHING YOU ARE NOT SURE ASK!

PART I

1- Problems Statement:

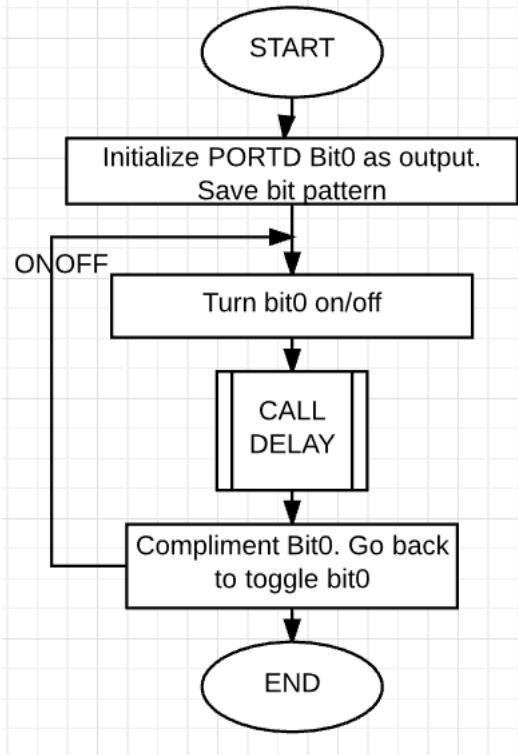
The purpose of this assignment is to design

2- Code Example:

<pre> ;***** // TITLE: 5kHz WAVEFORM // ***** // PROGRAM DETAIL // ***** // PURPOSE: TO GENERATE A SQUARE WAVE OF 5 kHz FREQUENCY // BY TURNING ON AND OFF BIT0 OF PORTD IF THE CLOCK // FREQUENCY IS 1 MHz // INPUTS: COUNT // OUTPUTS: PORTD // DATE: 3/21/2017, 9 AM // COMPILER: MPLAB v3.51 // AUTHOR: NATHANEAL MAGARDIE // VERSIONS: V1 // ***** ;/** I N C L U D E S *****/ list p=18f45k20, f = inh32 #include pi18f45k20.inc ;/** C O N F I G U R A T I O N B I T S *****/ CONFIG FOSC = INTIO67 ; INTIO67 Note that if it is HS it will not work! CONFIG LVP = OFF CONFIG PWRT = ON CONFIG FCMEN = OFF CONFIG IESO = OFF ;// CONFIG1H CONFIG BOREN = SBORDIS CONFIG BORV = 30 ;// CONFIG2L CONFIG WDTEN = OFF CONFIG WDTPS = 32768 ;// CONFIG2H CONFIG MCLRE = OFF CONFIG LPT1OSC = OFF CONFIG PBRADEN = ON CONFIG CCP2MX = PORTC ;// CONFIG3H ----- </pre>	<pre> ;/** I N I T I A L I Z A T I O N *****/ ;/** Constants count equ d'5' ;/** Register Declaration: reg1 equ 0x01 ;define addresses of data reg reg10 equ 0x10 ;ref for 50us delay count ;/** M A I N C O D E *****/ org 0x20 ;/** I N I T I A L I Z A T I O N *****/ MOVLW B'11111110' ;# TO SET UP BIT0 AS AN OUTPUT MOVWF TRISD ;INITIALIZE BIT0 AS AN OUTPUT MOVWF reg1 ;SAVE BIT PATTERN IN REG1 ONOFF MOVFF reg1,PORTD ;TURN ON/OFF BIT0 CALL DELAY ;CALL 100ms DELAY COMP reg1,1 ;COMPLEMENT BIT PATTERN BRA ONOFF ;GO BACK TO CHANGE LED ORG 0x40 ;BEGIN SUBROUTINE AT 00040H DELAY ; A DELAY OF 100 MICRO SECONDS MOVLW count ;load decimal count in W MOVWF reg10 ;SET UP REG10 AS A COUNTER LOOP DECF reg10,1 ;decrement reg10 BNZ LOOP ;GO BACK TO LOOP IF REG10 DOES NOT=0 RETURN END </pre>
<p>Heading and first part of the code</p>	<p>The xxx MACRO to perform the delay</p>

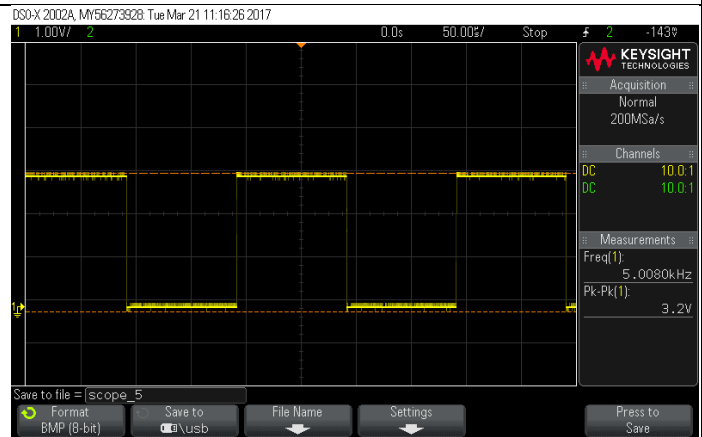
3- Flowchart

As shown in the flowchart the DelayCALL performs the delay function. Every time the bit is toggled the delay function is repeated! Some explanation.

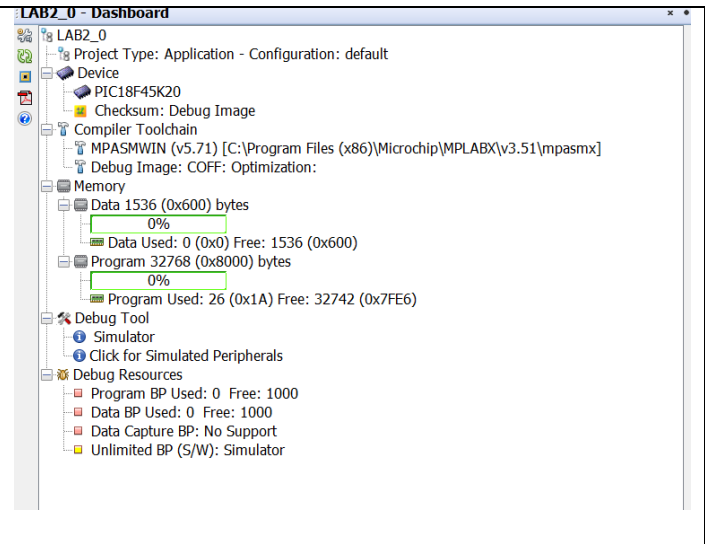


4- Results

A- Scope snapshot: In this figure we show how the ourput signal from PIN xxx. Note that the frequency is about xxx. We used automeasurement. Using the cursors, the frequency was measure to be xxx, slightly different.



B- Another picture - This program used 0% of the flash memory. In total it only used 26bytes of data which is very small in comparison to the capacity it can maintain.



Name	Type	Address	Value
<Enter new watch>			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0x20	(1) Bytes	0x20	0x00
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0x20	(1) Bytes	0x20	0x00
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0x20	(1) Bytes	0x20	0x00
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0x21	(1) Bytes	0x21	0x00
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0x220	(1) Bytes	0x220	0xFF
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0x221	(1) Bytes	0x221	0x05
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0x230	(1) Bytes	0x230	0x04
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0x231	(1) Bytes	0x231	0x01
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0x30	(1) Bytes	0x30	0x00
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0x31	(1) Bytes	0x31	0x00
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0x40	(1) Bytes	0x40	0x00
<input type="checkbox"/> BSR	SFR	0xFE0	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PORTC	SFR	0xF82	0x00

C – If you need more space leave the picture like this. Explain what this is. If the text is not readable do something about it!

5- Conclusion / Answering questions:

In this section you can answer to all the questions. Make sure you include the entire question. For example: For the 5 kHz frequency, there was a continuous mono-tone pitch. The frequency was moving to fast to hear the high and low points.

PART II

1- Problems Statement:

The purpose of this assignment is to design

2- Code Example:

```

;*****
// TITLE: 5kHz WAVEFORM MUST HAVE THIS SECTION!
// *****
// PROGRAM DETAIL
// *****
// PURPOSE: TO GENERATE A SQUARE WAVE OF 5 kHz FREQUENCY
// BY TURNING ON AND OFF BIT0 OF PORTD IF THE CLOCK
// FREQUENCY IS 1 MHz
// INPUTS: COUNT
// OUTPUTS: PORTD
// DATE: 3/21/2017, 9 AM
// COMPILER: MPLAB v3.51
// AUTHOR: NATHANEAL MAGARDIE
// VERSIONS: V1
// *****

/** INCLUDES *****/
list p=18f45k20, f = inhx32
#include p18f45k20.inc

/** CONFIGURATION BITS *****/
CONFIG FOSC = INTIO67 ; INTIO67 Note that if it is HS it will not work!
CONFIG LVP = OFF
CONFIG PWRT = ON

CONFIG FCMEN = OFF
CONFIG IESO = OFF ;// CONFIG1H

CONFIG BOREN = SBORDIS
CONFIG BORV = 30 ;// CONFIG2L
CONFIG WDTEN = OFF
CONFIG WDTPS = 32768 ;// CONFIG2H
CONFIG MCLR = OFF
CONFIG LPTOSC = OFF
CONFIG PBAEN = ON
CONFIG CCP2MX = PORTC ;// CONFIG3H
-----

```

Heading and first part of the code

```

/** INITIALIZATION *****/
/** Constants
count equ d'5'
/** Register Declaration:
reg1 equ 0x01 ;define addresses of data reg
reg10 equ 0x10 ;ref for 50us delay count

/** MAIN CODE *****/

org 0x20

/** INITIALIZATION *****/

MOVLW B'11111110' ;# TO SET UP BIT0 AS AN OUTPUT
MOVWF TRISD ;INITIALIZE BIT0 AS AN OUTPUT
MOVWF reg1 ;SAVE BIT PATTERN IN REG1
ONOFF MOVFF reg1,PORTD ;TURN ON/OFF BIT0
CALL DELAY ;CALL 100ms DELAY
COMF reg1,1 ;COMPLEMENT BIT PATTERN
BRA ONOFF ;GO BACK TO CHANGE LED

ORG 0x40 ;BEGIN SUBROUTINE AT 00040H
DELAY ; A DELAY OF 100 MICRO SECONDS
MOVLW count ;load decimal count in W
MOVWF reg10 ;SET UP REG10 AS A COUNTER
LOOP DECF reg10,1 ;decrement reg10
BNZ LOOP ;GO BACK TO LOOP IF REG10 DOES NOT=0
RETURN
END

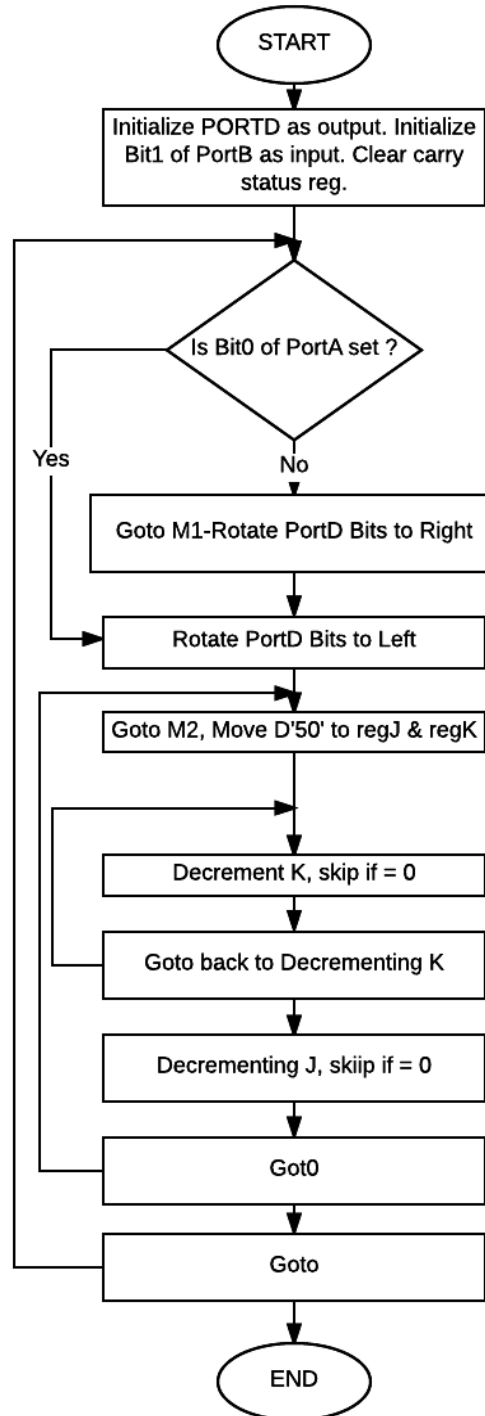
```

The xxx MACRO to perform the delay

3- Flowchart *must be all in one page!)

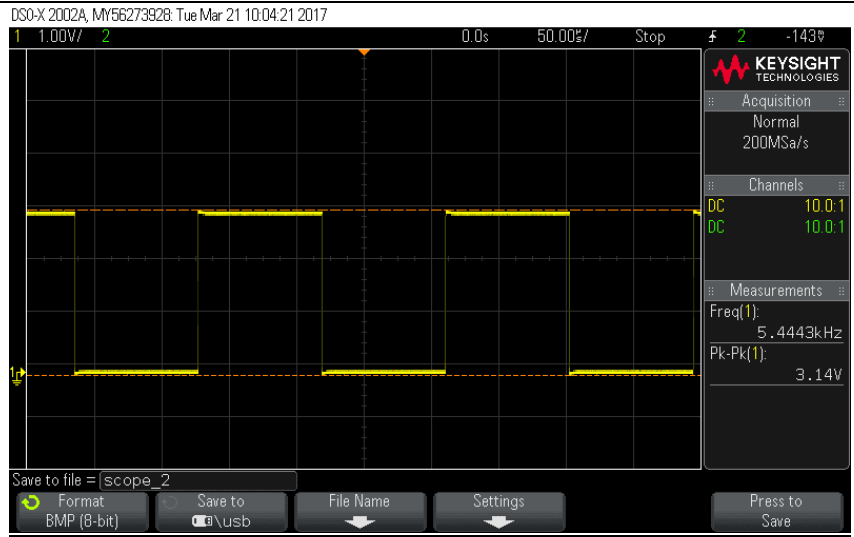
As shown in the flowchart the DelayCALL performs the delay function. Every time the bit is toggled the delay function is repeated! Some explanation.

Describe the flowchart more.

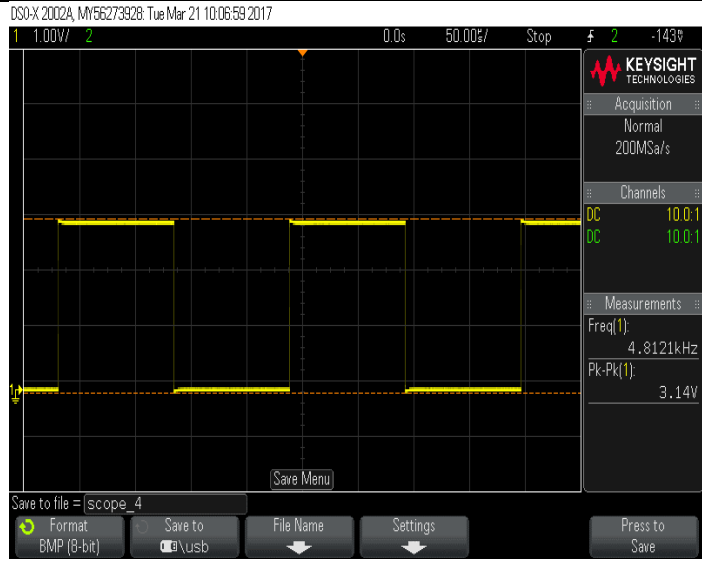


4- Results

A- Scope snapshot: In this figure we show how the ourput signal from PIN xxx. Note that the frequency is about xxx. We used automeasurement. Using the cursors, the frequency was measure to be xxx, slightly different.



B- Note that in this figure we are showing the 5.2KHz signal. The cursors are located at ... and the frequency is measured to be xxxx. The signal amplitude is xxxx



INPUT1	INPUT2	SUM	CARRY	Fcyc
0x220	0x221	0x230	0x230	Time
0xFF	0x05	0x04	0x01	50ms
0x05	0xFF	0x04	0x01	50ms
0xFF	0xEE	0xED	0x01	50ms
0xFF	0xA0	0x9F	0x01	50ms
0xA0	0xA0	0x40	0x01	50ms
0x00	0x00	0x00	0x00	50ms

C- Test Program: Chart of Values: This is a chart of the values that I tested in order to make sure my program is working correctly. So I changed the order of variables to make sure I got the same answer and tested my carry in order to make sure that my carry bit was carried into the proper register.

5- Conclusion / Answering questions:

In this section you can answer to all the questions. Make sure you include the entire question. For example: For the two frequencies, 5.2 kHz and 4.8 kHz, one could hear a distinct change in tone or

WHEN YOU FINISHED DO THE FOLLOWING – REMOVE THIS SECTION

- 1- Make sure all your tables and diagrams are organized well / keep tables on the same page. Remove white spaces (-5 points)
- 2- Don't forget figure numbers/ table numbers (-5 points)
- 3- Update the list of Content on page 1 (-5 points)
- 4- Make sure you change your name on the footer (-5 points)
- 5- Make sure you change the assignment number (LAB 2) on the footer (-5 points)
- 6- Go to: FILE → REDUCE FILE SIZE → 96 PPI

ABSOLUTELY DON'T

