## Question 1:

Let a random process be given by

$$x(t) = A \cos(\omega_0 t + \theta)$$

where A and  $\omega_0$  are constants and  $\theta$  is a random variable. Let

$$f(\theta) = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{\pi}, & 0 \le \theta \le \frac{\pi}{2} \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

- (a) Evaluate x(t).
- (b) From the result of part (a), what can be said about the stationarity of the process?
- (c) Evaluate  $\langle x^2(t) \rangle$ . (d) Evaluate  $x^2(t)$ .
- (e) Using the results of parts (c) and (d), determine whether the process is ergodic for these averages.

## Question 2:

Let  $x(t) = A_0 \sin(\omega_0 t + \theta)$  be a random process, where  $\theta$  is a random variable that is uniformly distributed between 0 and  $2\pi$  and  $A_0$  and  $\omega_0$  are constants.

- (a) Find R<sub>x</sub>(τ).
- (b) Show that x(t) is wide-sense stationary.
- (c) Verify that R<sub>r</sub>(τ) satisfies the appropriate properties.

## Question 3:

Let  $r(t) = A_0 \cos \omega_0 t + n(t)$ , where  $A_0$  and  $\omega_0$  are constants. Assume that n(t) is a wide-sense stationary random noise process with a zero mean value and an autocorrelation of  $R_n(\tau)$ .

- (a) Find r(t) and determine whether r(t) is wide-sense stationary.
- **(b)** Find  $R_r(t_1, t_2)$ .